THOUSANDS OF THEIR WOUNDED ANDREW D. WHITE FLEEING AUSTRIANS DESERTED

provinces

WITH THE ITALIAN FORCES IN OF medicine.

ORTHERN ITALY, Saturday, Norember 2, 3 p.m. (by the Associated Press).—The battle continues with the value by the enemy in the invaded NORTHERN ITALY, Saturday, No-Italians and their allies completing the destruction of Austria's mighty army. It is estimated that 3.000 Austrian cannon will be the total taken by the Italians in addition to vast

quantities of other war material. The allied forces are ever pressing ains. They already have reached the Val Sugana, where the Italians are

holding their line of a year ago.

The word "strategy" cannot be used in Austria's retreat, which is a pellmell effort on the part of the various bodies to save themselves. The Austrians are fleeing helter-skelter, fighting in the mountains when obliged to ng in the mountains when obliged to do so. On the plains they are merely putting up rear guard local fights with machine guns, blowing up bridges as they go along. The long lines of enemy troops on the roads are being pelted with the machine guns of allied airplanes.

advance is some regions is slow.

e Austrians are leaving their nded by the roadside or in houses. thousand Austrian wounded were

BELGIAN HEADQUARTERS, No- | calibers and numerous guns lie along vember 4 (by the Associated Press).—
In making a map of Flanders one
must draw a straight line from Dixand Mercken across inundated fields checkered with shellholes. The other

road were signs bearing inscriptions, such as "Friedrichstrasse, Wilhemstrasse, etc."

At every cross-road also were four little inoffensive looking green boxes. Upon approaching these boxes, however, one notices ugly death-head signs with the word "Danger" painted conspiculously. These boxes contained forty pounds of high explosives. They were timed by the cultured cave-dwellers to explode when the Belgians soldiers entered the forest, but the Belgians arrived sooner than anticipated and broke the percussion caps from the mines remain there as mute evidence of the men who set them. The mines remain there as mute evidence of the German "peaceful and voluntary evacuation of Belgium."

More than 1,000,000 shells of all

However, for Caution by

People of District.

Health officials feel safe in saying

spread of the contagion.

lated and keep out of crowds.

sequential pneumonia.

Record for October.

twenty-four hours ending at noon to-

provinces.

Thousands of cannon are being captured by the Italians, in addition to great quantities of war material. At Vittorio a big petroleum deposit was found, the Austrians not taking the trouble to burn it. Great quantities of telegraph wire also were left undestroyed. Af Bellune a large depot of food and material was found by the Italians. The allies frequently captured long trains of artillery, one train being taken at Razi, near Feltre, it having been abandoned by the retreating Austrians in their haste. treating Austrians in their haste.

Delivery of Mortal Blow. It was on October 29 that the enemy

tack across the River Piave. This per-

The retreat of the Austrians is being hindered by the condition of the hindered by the condition of the brank reason the Italian at the Amy to operate at Feltre, in the upper Piave valley, and also permitted the 6th Army to go into action in the Austrians. the Asiago district. the Asiago district.

Between the 4th and 5th armies chief Austrian resistance in Italy was broken. It was in the mountains that the greatest number of cannon was

VALIANT BELGIAN SOLDIERS MAKE NEW "MAP" IN FLANDERS

mude to types. This line should be marked in red. It was along the front that the vallant soldiers of beckered with shellholes. The other front that the vallant soldiers of belgium, under the leadership of their king, began their onslaught to recover their native land, after battling for four years to retain a tiny fragment of Belgium as their own. It was along the center of that line, that the attack began September 28. Three miles away stood Houthait forest, the key to folders. The other words and advantage of the same that the season of the polineer of that line of the polineer of the line. The other hand, after battling of fron years to retain a tiny fragment of Belgium as their own. It was along the center of that line that the attack began September 28. Three miles away stood Houthait forest, the key to folders. The other is a standard the season of the polineer of the polineer of the line of the polineer of the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1839. Dr. Whith was born in New York state, at a village of the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith was born in New York state, at a village of the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith was born in New York state, at a village of the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith was born in New York state, at a village of the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith was attent the season of the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith was attent the season of the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith was attent the season of the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith was attent to the season of the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith was not the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith was not the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith was not the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith was not the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith was not the polineer, Nv. Y., in 1850. Dr. Whith w mude to Ypres. This line should be!

leading to subterranean shelters, making the whole area resemble a city of cave dwellers. At every crossoroad were signs bearing inscriptions, such as "Friedrichstrasse, Wilhemsuch as a munition of the company of the

EPIDEMIC DANGER NO REVENUE BILL CUTS PASSES IN CAPITAL

Little Likelihood Pending Measure Health Officials Find Need, Will Be Altered to Bring in Less Money.

The probability that peace will come within a short time caused some discussion today at the Capitol as to whether the pending war revenue bill that Washington's influenza epidemic would be modified so as to bring in has passed, but in the same breath less revenue.

Those members of the Senate finance they urge citizens to take every poscommittee, which has the bill before! sible precaution to prevent further Their optimism is based on the number of deaths for the twenty-fourtaxation. They said that the revenue hour period ending at noon today, which was but eleven, together with the small number of new cases for

already made. the same period, which was only six-Senators Hoke Smith, Thomas and in the trenches. smoot, all members of the committee. Their warnings to take no risks are said they did not believe any attempt in different sections of the city as denone the less grave. Dr. Fowler, Diswould be made to strike out or to re- | positories for the contributions. trict health officer, still urges all not duce the proposed taxes. Senator to use public cups or glasses or public Smith said, however, that as soon as towels. Get all physical exercise pospeace comes every effort should be sible, he urges; see that sleeping quarters and street cars are liberally ventinade to cut down expenditures. He indicated that Congress would do its part in forcing economy and that it would not appropriate money A review of the official record for for many of the government agencies

part of the epidemic, shows 1,562 purposes after peace shall have come. deaths from influenza and 130 from This breaks all records for any month in the history of the capital,

October, which includes the major which have been established for war

for at one time the percentage, based on the population of a year ago, ran more than 10 per cent. October 12 was the high mark, with ninety-two deaths. Between October 5 and 21 new cases were running as high as from one to more than two thousand

from one to more than two thousand a day.

Deaths reported each day are shown as follows: October 1, twenty-three; 2, twenty-two; 3, thirty-two; 4 forty; 5, forty-nine; 6, sixty-four; 7, forty-nine; 8, fifty-four; 9, sixty-two; 10, eighty; 11, seventy-seven; 12 ninety-two; 13, eighty-nine; 14, sixty-four; 17, seventy-six; 18, seventy; 19, sixty-eight; 20, sixty-six; 21, forty-eight; 22, thirty-six; 23, forty; 24, forty-four; 25, forty; 26, thirty-seven; 27, thirty-two; 28, twenty-four; 29, sixteen; 30, sixteen, and 31, nine.

New cases reported daily follow; October 1, 162; 2, 39; 3, 56; 4, 618; 5, 276; 6, 279; 7, 1,150; 8, 2,174; 9, 1,466; 10, 1,701; 11, 1,594; 12, 1,344; 13, 1,312; 14, 1,076; 15, 1,483; 16, 932; 17, 1,346; 18, 1,121; 19, 835; 20, 705; 21, 412; 22, 273; 466; 4278; 23, 466; 4788; 47

14. 1,076; 15. 1,483; 16. 932; 17. 1,346; those caught red handed or observed 18. 1,121; 19. 835; 20. 705; 21. 412; 22. 778; 23. 466; 24. 378; 25. 676; 26. 426; 27. 325; 28. 235; 29. 333; 30. 250. and 21, 231. Influenza deaths reported for the

day were as follows: Adele C. Cogan, 16 years, 819 E street southeast; Irving Keiler, 26 years, 413 A street southeast; Daniel Willard Muller, 2 years, 700 5th street northeast; Antonio Sammassmo, 26 years, 15 Jackson street northeast; Brooks J. Bates, 44 years, 948 Lettie street southwest; Mishina Williams, 4 years, U. S. P. H. S. Hospital; Marle Saunders, 2 years, U. S. P. H. S. Hospital; Louis Hall, 19 years, 1442 C street southeast; Thomas J. Thurman, 28 years, U. S. P. H. S. Hospital; Frances P. Schaffer, 2 years, 803 Delaware avenue southwest; Preston B. Smith, 25 years, U. S. P. Women now have the opportunity to stady ship drafting and construction at Columbia University. emperor.
Moreover, the attorney general

Women now have the opportunity to study ship drafting and construction at Columbia University.

DIES IN 86TH YEAR

First President of Cornell University and Former Ambassador to Germany.

NOTED IN MANY FIELDS

ITHACA, N. Y., November 4 .- Dr. Andrew D. White, Cornell University's first president and former ambassa dor to Germany and minister to Rusmitted the 8th Army to move to Vit- sia, died here today at his home as the result of a stroke of paralysis which he suffered last Friday. The funeral will be held on Thursday, November 7, the eighty-sixth anniversary of Dr. White's birthday.

In both academic and public service, Andrew Dickson White attained remarkable distinction. He was one of the founders of Cornell University and its first president. He rendered valuable public service for many years as the American diplomatic rep-resentative in Germany and Russia.

Best Work at Cornell, He Said. In his autobiography Dr. White said that in the founding and maintaining of Cornell University he thought he had done his best work, and he said. "By the part I have taken in that, more than by any other work of my life, I hope to be judged" His interest in the establishment of a new university came largely through revolt against the conservative sectarian influences and restricted curriculums of other institutions.

Born at Homer, N. Y., in 1832.

AT PROSPECT OF PEACE NOV. 9 TO BE OBSERVED AS U. S. GAS MASK DAY

it, who were in the Senate today, ex- well as every citizen of every Ameripressed the opinion that no effort can municipality will be given an opwould be made to reduce the proposed portunity to contribute raw material

which the bill proposes to raise will to a common stock from which the all be needed to meet appropriations government will manufacture gas

lumbia, hereby set aside the 5th day of November as 'Gas Mask day,' and direct the attention of our people to the need of the government at this time for many tons of raw material from which is made the charcoal that FOR AN ALLIED COURT

TO TRY WAR CRIMINALS

Sir Frederick Edward Smith, British Attorney General, Suggests Plan.

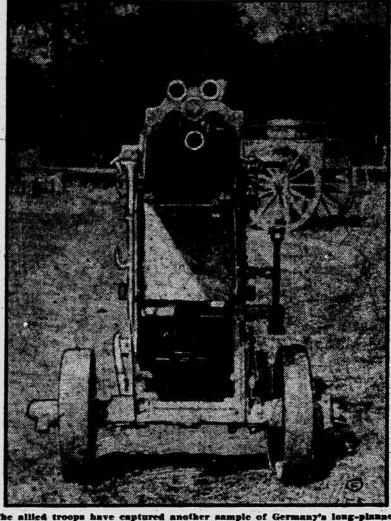
LONDON, November 4.—Establishment of a grand court of allied representatives, civil and military, for the purpose of trying those guilty of crimes during the war, is advocated by Sir Frederick Edward Smith, the

PRESIDENT FROM POLLS

to reconsider his intention to go to to reconsider his intention to go to New Jersey tomorrow to vote.

In view of the critical international situation and the fact that the President is required to be in constant communication with Paris, some of his advisers are urging him not to take the trip. It would be difficult to keep in touch with him while he is at the train.

NEW GERMAN GUN CAPTURED BY ALLIES.



war. This time it is a gun unlike anything yet seen during this or any previous war. The gun has see furing tubes, placed in such a position similar to the barrel of a small revolver. The firing tubes revolve and each projectile is discharged just as the revolver eartridges. This photograph gives a good view of the new firearm, showing the business end of the firing tubes.

Sermany, and in 1892 to Russia, on the nomination of President Harrison, and finally as ambassador to Germany, on the nomination of President McKinley, serving in Berlin through the period of the Spanish-American war and until 1902.

He was recognized as a thinker of much directness and force. His "Conflict Between Science and Religion," "Seven Great Statesmen in the Warfare of Humanity With Unreason, "Democracy and Education" and his autobiography are some of his books other than historical.

NOV. 9 TO BE OBSERVED

NOV. 9 TO BE OBSERVED

Pershing's troops has reached the little lake in the center of Belval wood.
On the extreme right the Americans word. On the extreme right the Americans of Monting Devent-Sassy. From there the line ran to the Meuse river.

It has not been a day of fighting as much as of pursuit, The Germans are not retreating in great disorder and their withdrawal cannot be called a rout, but it is certain that the general staff and the field officers have lost control to a certain extent.

All parts of the time were active during last night. The left wing continued its advance with little interruption, even after darkness had fallen. The Americans reached the litted wing growing. The right fishe of the heights overlooking the Meuse river.

Boads Packed With Fleeing Huns.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NOVEMBERS)—November 3, 7 p.m. (by the Associated Press)—More than 4,000 prisoners their withdrawal cannot be called a rout, but it is certain that the general staff and the field officers have lost control to a certain extent.

All parts of the time were active during last night. The left wing continued its advance with little interruption, even after darkness had fallen. The Americans reached Boult-aux-Bois at 4 o'clock this morning. Their patrols were at the heels of the retreating enemy, who was on and who had of the Meuse appeared to be in full of the Meuse speared to be in full of the Meuse appe were heard leaving the northern end of the town by wagon, and who had escaped by the time the Americans had made their way through the

own in the gloom.

There was some opposition, espe-

for the rear, the Germans are falling back. (From Remoiville to Stenay is about eight and one-half miles). The artillery fire from the hills behind the German lines seems to indicate the reluctance of those in command to yield to the evident desire of the men in the line to withdraw.

Equal activity is displayed behind the American lines, but it is of opposite character. Far to the rear the roads are filled not only with slowly moving convoys, but with truck trains filled with troops being rushed forward to support those who in some cases, in trucks are keeping up the fast pace set by the retiring German machines were reported brought down. Three American planes are missing.

The aviators' report regarding the retreat of the enemy east of the Meuse is as follows:

"At Remoiville a troop train of inieteen cars was leaving, northward bound. We saw great crowds of enemy troops along the railway siding. We fired upon them and they fired oack with incendiary bullets. All northbound roads out of Remoiville were filled with troops."

According to previous reports, at least four Austro-Hunwarian divisions were opposing the French and American lines were reported brought down. Three American ported brought down. Three American ported brought down. Three American planes are missing.

The aviators' report regarding the retreat of the enemy east of the Meuse is as follows:

"At Remoiville a troop train of inieteen cars was leaving, northward bound. We saw great crowds of enemy troops along the railway siding. We fired upon them and they are the found to the control of the enemy east of the Meuse is a follows:

"At Remoiville a troop train of inieteen cars was leaving, northward bound. We saw great crowds of enemy troops along the railway siding. We fired upon them and they are the control of the enemy east of the Meuse is a follows:

"At Remoiville a troop train of inieteen cars was leaving, northward bound. We saw great crowds of enemy troops along the railway siding. We fired upon them and they fired oack with incendiary

Yankee Losses Light.

Press).—American troops at 5 o'clock this evening had advanced their left flank north of Authe, in close co-operation with the French forces which have been fighting their way eastward on the bend in the Aisne river. Farther east, American forces were in Autruche and their patrols were reported as far north as Brieulles-sur-Bar.

In the center of the line the village of Fosse was passed early in the day and then in quick succession Barricourt, Nouart, Le Champy Haute

High Officers in Conference.

It is learned that high officers of all the German staff held a meeting last to high was attended by many of the field officers, to discuss the situation, the seriousness of which bring their retreat to a half is entirely of bring their retreat to a half is entirely of os within another day or two unless the situation gets altogether out of ohand. Although the army at the front shows extraordinary demoralization, it still is functioning with enough in the seriousness of which have been fighting their way east-way undisputed.

Where the German staff held a meeting last to the German staff held a meeting last to high the discussion of the field officers, to discuss the situation, the seriousness of which was undisputed.

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Where the German staff held a meeting last to high the discussion of the field officers, to discuss the situation, the seriousness of which have a discussion of the field officers, to di

ber 3, 7:30 p.m. (by the Associated Press).—American aviators late today reported that the Germans to the east of the Meuse appeared to be in full retreat. The aviators' messages said that all roads running northward were packed with troops, artillery and trucks.

retreat. The aviators' messages said that all roads running northward were packed with troops, artillery and trucks.

The American aviators went as far as Remoiville. They reported that the roads southeast of Remoiville are choked with traffic.

The retreating German troops and conveys and enemy ammunition dumps and various villages within the n Teuton lines were attacked today by American bombing airplanes.

Great damage is reported to have Great damage is reported to have a separated nowers to be re-

Proclamation for District Issued by

Commissioners Appealing for

Shells and Pits.

November \$\forall \text{is to be 'Gas Mask day'} in the District and in every city in the District and in every city in the country.

On that day every Washingtonian as well as every citizen of every American and 2,170 men. 60 many manufacture gas masks' for use by American soldiers in the trenches.

The Red Cross has placed 200 barrels in the trenches.

The District Commissioners today is seed the following proclamation for "Gas Mask day" and different sections of the city as depositories for the contributions.

Call to People of District.

The District Commissioners today is seed the following proclamation for "Gas Mask day" and are are direct the attention of our people to the read of the government will be given an option of the city as depositories for the contributions.

Call to People of District.

The District Commissioners today is seed the following proclamation for "Gas Mask day" and are direct the attention of our people to the read of the form and are direct the attention of our people to the need of the government at this time for many tons of raw material from which is made the charcoul that 'fer and rearguant the glower and practicular and rearguant that the glower and rearguant that the glower and rearguant that the glower and rearguant that the cleaning up Tailly last night, the cleaning, up Tailly last night, the cleaning up T

The danger to Europe of bolshevism is being discussed very widely here, and in the question of food regulation do many people think the solution lies. America has been feeding the world, has been obeying a conservation program with patriotic yeal and has been controlling the domand by agreeing with the allied governments as to the price of their purchases and amounts to be given them. If this power of regulation disappeara men like Herbert Hoover are wondering what will be the result for the American householder, whose cost of living is rising already to unprecedented heights.

The answer to the question of dis-

Hun Batteries Under Fire.

view in the Daily Express.

View in the Daily Express.

The Red Cross has provided two hundred barrels distributed about the strands were made by little garrisons that the jurisdiction of such a court apply especially, although not exclusively, to those caught red handed or observed committing crimes. He contends that the guilty parties must not be allowed to shift the blame upon their superiors, as otherwise every war criminal among the Germans might shuffle the entire responsibility upon the moments.

Late Uross Barrels.

The Red Cross has provided two hundred barrels distributed about the stands were made by little garrisons they which was occupied just after two counters battery which was occupied just after the American guns this attention of the American guns this which was occupied just after work. Soon afterward the German ready night. The distance between taken they are a special effort in the saturation of the first the blame upon their superiors, as otherwise every war criminal among the Germans might shuffle the entire responsibility upon the majoror.

Moreover, the attention. There has been fighting by the enemy, but of a half-hearted sort, except in a few cases where, for brief intervals, strong they reached the great el-bow in the river north of Dannevoux. One of these was at Barricofurt, which was occupied just after which was occupied just after which was occupied just after which was occupied just after. One of these was at Barricofurt, which was occupied just after which was occupied just after which was occupied just after. The distance between taken which was occupied just after which was occupied just after. The distance between taken which was occupied just after which was occupied just after. The distance between the major of the first and wance of the first in the succupied just after work. Soon afterward to a strength of the merican first and wance of the first interval. The distance of the merican first and wance of

several years which he devoted to the preparation of measures for better common schools, the organization of the state normal schools and in pushing through the charter for Cornell University.

Made Impression in Germany.

At the call of President Hayes, in 1879. Dr. White went as minister to Germany, and fin 1882 to Russia, on the nomination of President Hayes, in 1879. Dr. White went as minister to Germany, and fin 1882 to Russia, on the nomination of President Harrison, and finally as ambassador to Germany, on the nomination of President Harrison, and finally as ambassador to Germany, on the nomination of President Harrison, and finally as ambassador to Germany, on the nomination of President Harrison, and finally as ambassador to Germany, on the nomination of President Harrison, on the nomination of President Harrison, and finally as ambassador to Germany, on the nomination of President Harrison, and finally as ambassador to Germany, the proposed the control of the street of the line the village of the course of the seriousness of which. Where the Germans will be able to WiTH THE AMERICAN ARMY WITH THE AM

dropped into space and then turned upside down and glided to earth.

TERMS UPON WHICH

ENEMY MUST GIVE

UP ARMY AND NAVY

(Continued from First Page.)

population, will mean riots and dis-orders if there is no food. And anarchy in Germany may mean dis-order in the entente countries ad-jacent thereto, for bolshevism is con-

The answer to the question of dis-order abroad is in keeping the civilian populations contented by giving them enough to eat. Congressional opposi-

(Continued from First Page) tions which may be made by a commission nominated by the allies and the United States of America.

SIX. All naval aircraft are to be concentrated and impactionised in Austro-Hungarian bases to be designated by the allies and United States of America.

SEVEN. Evacuation of all the Italian possis and of all ports occupied

TEN. No destruction of ships or of materials to be permitted before evac-uation, surrender or restoration. ELEVEN. All naval and mercantile

marine prisoners of the aliled and as-sociated powers in Austro-Hungarian hands to be returned without reci-

OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS.

AMERICAN.

November 4.—On Italian front: The 10th Army on Sunday reached the line of Villotta, Praturione, the Meduna river east of Pordenone, St. Quirino and Aviano. It has continued its ad-

vance.

The number of prisoners captured by this army now is more than 16,000.

Of these more than 1,000 have been taken by the 14th Corps, mounted troops. The royal air force has pursued its operations along the retreat-**AUSTRIANS QUIT WAR**

FRENCH.

November 4.-North of the Serre a French reconnoitering party bene-trated into the Pargny wood, from which 100 prisoners were brought The activity of the German artillery and machine guns was maintained during the night on the whole Aisne front between Rethel and

ITALIAN.

November 3 (night).—The whole front is moving forward. Between the Astico and Tonale the formidable Austrian lines have been passed by Italian advance guards. The 7th Army is descending from Tonale into the Vermiglio valley and ascending the hollow of Gludi/rie and crossing the ridge from Monie Parl to the Riva basin. The 1st Army is advancing from the slopes of Monte Altissimo and from Mori toward Riva.

Mori was defended by hostile rearguards for a long time, but the enemy was overcome in house-to-house fighting. An assault detachment and an Alpini group broke, in a rapid and brilliant attack, the enemy barrier fortifications in the Lagarrina valley in the neighborhood of Mori and launched an attack on the left bank of the Adige. They entered Rovereto, capturing several hundred prisoners and deciding the fate of the detachments which had defended Valarsa to the last. The forces retiring from the PPasubio and from Colsanto are being hard pressed.

Squadrons have been launched to-Bulgaria already has a council of workmen in charge, and her king of a single month is gone.

The danger to Europe of bolshevism

Bquadrons have been launched to-ward Trent. Bersaglieri have carried Griso and broken the defenses in the Passo Della Borcola, opening the Terragnolo valley. Other columns are penetrating the mountains between the Posina and Astico valleys. Monte

Tankee Losses Light.

The American losses so far have been including light? compared with the se of the constraion. There has been changed in the protected by hills and woods beyond the se of the constraion. There has been changed in the river porth of balance and the constraint of the constraint of

and Champigneulle.
On the line of Quartre-Champs and Buzancy forefield engagements developed. Yesterday we gained some ground near Tailly and beyond Villers-Devant-Dun.

CROSSING TRAGEDY **HEARING TONIGHT**

Justice of Peace Moffat, at Hyattsville, Will Hear Fatality Witnesses.

sued its operations along the retreating columns.

Yesterday the 10th Army reached the line of the Tagliamento from the neighberhood of San Vito to north of San Phillimbergo. The river has been crossed in several places. Among the troops which effected a crossing was the 332d American Regiment, forming a part of the 51st Italian Division.

The 48th Division has occupied Levice (ten miles southwest of Trent). This division in the last forty-eight hours has taken many thousands of prisoners, the number which is estimated to exceed 20,000. Several hundred guns also have fallen into its hands.

Justice of the Peace Moffat has made arrangements for the holding of an inquest at Hyattsville. Prince Georges county, Md., at 8 o'clock this evening to fix responsibility for the killing of Capt. Phillips Brooks Robinson, U. S M. C., and Mrs. May Padgett Saturday night, when an automobile in which they were riding was struck by a Baltimore and Ohio fast train.

The hearing will be held in the office of Deputy Sheriff Thomas Garrison.

of Deputy Sheriff Thomas Garrison. Constable Harvey Smith, who arrested Edward Kite, gateman at the crossing, probably will be an important witness.

Arrangements for Funeral.

Capt. Robinson's body was brought to this city yesterday and taken to Aisne front between Rethel and Semuy.

During the month of October in the course of incessant fighting in which the 1st Army was engaged on the Olse front it took 10,387 prisoners, of whom 204 were officers, and captured 113 cannon, besides 1,500 machine guns and considerable material.

Capt. Robinson's wife, Mrs. Gertrude

At the last session of the legisla ture, it is stated, a measure designed to relieve the dangerous co was passed, but was vetoed by the governor. That measure, it is stated, provided for shortening the Washington-Baltimore boulevard and diverting travel along the line of the electric road to Rhode Island avenue. The change would have prevented the accident Saturday night, as it would not